

中国科学院生物物理研究所

贝时璋讲座

Moving or anchoring mitochondria for the maintenance of synaptic transmission, nerve regeneration, and mitochondrial quality control

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报告人简介

Dr. Zu-Hang Sheng is a senior investigator of NIH. Using genetic mouse models, his group is addressing several fundamental questions: 1) how mitochondrial transport is regulated to sense changes in synaptic activity, mitochondrial integrity, axon injury and pathological stress; 2) how neurons coordinate late endocytic transport and autophagy—lysosomal function to maintain cellular homeostasis and synaptic function; 3) how impaired transport contributes to synaptic dysfunction and axonal pathology in several major neurodegenerative diseases.



代表论文简介

- 1. Kang, J.S., ..., and **Z.H. Sheng** (2008). Docking of axonal mitochondria by syntaphilin controls their mobility and affects short--term facilitation. *Cell* 132, 137--148.
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- 3. Cai,Q., ..., and **Z.H. Sheng** (2012). Spatial Parkin Translocation and Degradation of Depolarized Mitochondria via Mitophagy in Live Cortical Neurons. *Current Biology* 22, 545--552.
- 4. Cheng, X.T., ..., and **Z.H. Sheng** (2015). Axonal autophagosomes acquire dynein motors for retrograde transport through fusion with late endosomes. *Journal of Cell Biology* 209, 377--386.
- 5. Xie, Y., ..., and **Z.H. Sheng** (2015). Endolysosome deficits augment mitochondria pathology in spinal motor neurons of asymptomatic fALS--linked mice. *Neuron* 87, 355--370.
- 6. Zhou, B., ..., and **Z.H. Sheng** (2016). Facilitation of axon regeneration by enhancing mitochondrial transport and rescuing energy deficits. *Journal of Cell Biology* 214, 203--119.